

TRUE BILL AGAINST WESLEY GARD FOUND BY THE GRAND JURY

Motorman is Indicted as Echo of Recent Notorious Case in the District Court.

GARD JUROR IN TAYLOR CASE
Was Man Who Accused Belongee of Offering Him a Bribe.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY TWICE
Said He Did Not Know Brome & Brome and False Testimony.

OTHER INDICTMENTS RETURNED
Alleged False Statements of Witness Who Caused Contempt Conviction and New Trial of Case Cause His Arrest.

Wesley Gard, street car motorman, indicted upon a charge of perjury on two counts as a result of alleged false statements under oath made by him during his preliminary examination for the jury in Cadet Taylor's libel suit against The Bee, and in the contempt hearing which followed, was arraigned before Judge Sears yesterday afternoon.

Clinton Brome appeared as Gard's attorney and the accused was released upon a \$500 bond signed by Joe Morgan, 462 North Twenty-eighth street, groceryman, who was the employer of the grocery boy who corroborated Gard in the contempt of court hearing.

The street car motorman is charged with having falsely answered that he did not know Brome & Brome, attorneys for Cadet Taylor, in the libel suit, whereas as a matter of fact he was at that time a client of the firm in a case pending in district court, had been a client of theirs in another case in justice court and had been a member of a jury which returned a verdict of \$3,000 for a client of Brome & Brome two years ago.

Swore to False Statements.
One count charges Gard with having sworn to false statements during the contempt of court hearing. As a result of his testimony District Judge Sears convicted Charles Belongee, a barber, of an alleged attempt to offer Gard money. Charges that Gard's testimony was false and that the accusations against Belongee were the result of a "framup" were made at that time by the defense.

Evidence in the contempt case showed that after Gard had slipped onto the jury, his client and was censured by Judge Sears for concealing the fact, the judge saying that such a juror was not fit to be on the jury.

H. C. Brome and Clinton Brome on the witness stand admitted that they knew Gard was false statements were censured by Judge Sears for concealing the fact, the judge saying that such a juror was not fit to be on the jury.

The grand jury also returned indictments against the following persons: John L. Buzzi, charged with wife abandonment; George Noth, charged with arson; William Robt., charged with the murder of Stephen Johnson, his wife; Stella Bloch, charged with forgery, and Gust L., charged with wife abandonment.

One indictment which has not yet been made public is said to be directed against a business firm, which is charged with illegally selling cocaine.

MASTERPIECE BY FIRST AMERICAN PAINTER FOUND

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Charles Henry Hart, noted art critic of Philadelphia, announced here today that he had discovered in Frederick, Md., "The Last Supper," the masterpiece by Gustav Hesselius, the first American painter, missing since 1773. Mr. Hart vouched for the authenticity of the painting and said it was in a good state of preservation. The painting had been in the possession of Mrs. John Gassaway of Frederick.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday.
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity: Fair, slightly cloudy.
Temperature at Omaha yesterday:
Hours: High 54, Low 34, Mean 44.
Precipitation: .00 inch.
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:
Normal temperature: 50
Excess for the day: 4
Total excess since March 1: 19
Normal precipitation: .04 inch
Deficiency for the day: 0
Total deficiency since March 1: 9
Excess for cor. period, 1913: 19
Excess for cor. period, 1912: 29
Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.
Station and State Temp. High-Rain-
of Weather 7 p. m. est. (all)

Chicago, clear	47	24	35
Davenport, cloudy	45	24	35
Des Moines, cloudy	44	25	35
Salt Lake City, clear	44	25	35
St. Paul, clear	42	25	35
St. Louis, clear	42	25	35
Sioux Falls, clear	40	25	35
Valentine, clear	38	25	35
Wichita, clear	38	25	35
Yankton, clear	38	25	35

Farmers Elevators Refused Loans by Banks, Alleges Drake

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Further testimony charging the Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis grain exchanges with being combinations in violation of anti-trust laws, was taken today before the house rules committee, which agreed to decide Saturday whether to provide the congressional investigation asked by Representative Manahan's resolution. It is now proposed to broaden the inquiry to investigate speculative transactions of the New York and New Orleans cotton exchanges. Officials of the grain exchanges will be heard late today and tomorrow.

Benjamin Drake of Minneapolis today continued his charge that the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce is a private monopoly controlled by elevator operators and conducted in opposition to the interests of wheat growers. Drake described methods of the chamber, which he said were calculated to crush competition. Farmers' elevators were denied accommodations by the banks and forced to deal with the commission houses, Drake said. He charged that the Minneapolis chamber maintained a "concerted boycott" against the Equity Co-operative Grain exchange, and had not bought a kernel of that grain for months. He put into the record a letter from Secretary McHugh of the chamber to the manager of a farmers' elevator company, which he said sustained his charge.

Chesapeake & Ohio Stock Takes Slump Because of New Loan

NEW YORK, March 5.—With the announcement today of an issue of \$3,000,000 5 per cent five-year notes, the stock of Chesapeake & Ohio railroad fell one hour of the market, declining to 99, against 101 at yesterday's close.

Trading was unusually heavy and implied some doubt as to the stability of the dividend. It appeared that one of the provisions of the issue prescribes that during the term of these notes the company is to set aside from its earnings \$17,000,000 for improvements to the property before their dividend can be paid. That is to say, fixed amounts must be set aside each year—2,000,000 the first year, \$3,000,000 the second and \$4,000,000 for each of the remaining three years.

Cost of Living in College is Lowest to Best Students

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 5.—Prof. W. B. Halley of Yale discussed the "Higher Cost of a College Education" before the Religious Education association here today. "The cost of a college education," he said, "has increased somewhat, but not in the same proportion as the cost of living. The records show that the expense of those who maintain a high scholarship stand is less than those who do not, indicating that as the classroom standard increases expenses are lessened."

Emigrant Band Loses and Finds Fortune

NEW YORK, March 5.—Expressions of gratitude in the form of kisses were showered on William H. Egan, station master of the Pennsylvania railroad station here, last night, by the twenty-seven men and women members of an emigrant band, because he had been instrumental in restoring to them a flour sack which contained \$38,000 in gold and bills.

The party, enroute from Montana to Poland, dined in the station and then started for the pier to board the steamship Olympic. In her haste, the wife of the leader of the band, to whom her fellow travelers had entrusted their money, left the bag in a waiting room, where it was found by an attendant and turned over to Egan. Its contents had hardly been counted, when the emigrants rushed back in great excitement, clamoring for their money.

M'GOORTY WILL FIGHT CARPENTIER IN IRELAND

CHICAGO, March 5.—Eddie McGoorty, the Wisconsin boxer now in Australia, will meet Georges Carpentier, the French champion, in a bout in Ireland some time in May, which will have an important bearing on their claims to the world's middleweight championship. News of the arrangements for the bout reached Chicago today in a message from McGoorty, who said he would leave Sydney on March 13 for Dublin. Richard Croker, the former New York politician, is said to have offered a purse of \$20,000 for the battle.

POET'S GRANDDAUGHTER IS DENIED DIVORCE

BOSTON, March 5.—Mrs. Lois Burnett Rantoul, a granddaughter of James Russell Lowell, was denied a divorce from Edward L. Rantoul by Judge Hardy at Cambridge today. Mrs. Rantoul alleged cruel and abusive treatment. The divorcee claimed that the trouble of the two were due to the wife's admitted affection for Chester Chapin Rumrill of Springfield.

TEXAS GETS ACTION IN THE VERGARA CASE

Federal General Wires Lone Star State Governor American's Slaying Ordered.

REFUSES TO COLQUITT'S REQUEST
Does Not Say Whether He Will Take Willingness to Surrender.

TERRAZAS READY TO DELIVER
Agrees to Give Villa Half Million Dollars to Save Life.

MEANS A HUGE HOLE IN FORTUNE
Examination into Killing of Benton and Disappearance of Bauch Begun by Carranza Commission.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 5.—Replying to the Texas governor's inquiry concerning a requisition for the kidnapers of Clemente Vergara, and American citizen, General Joaquin Maas, Mexican federal general commanding the district where Vergara was lured into Mexico and reported executed today, wired that he had ordered the arrest of the persons named. His telegram did not say whether, if apprehended, they would be surrendered to Texas.

General Maas signed his telegram as "governor general of the state of Coahuila," sending the message from Saltillo. Governor Colquitt did not send a formal requisition, but inquired whether a Texas requisition would be honored. The individuals he named were Antonio Rodriguez, reputed to be a federal captain, and men said to be under his command who were charged with stealing Vergara's horses from an island in the Rio Grande, claimed to be on the American side of the line. As Vergara's reported death occurred on the Mexican side the only charge on which a requisition could be based was horse stealing.

Sent to Mass.
Governor Colquitt's request was made under a section of a treaty between the United States and Mexico, providing that the border states in Mexico and the United States may surrender fugitives to each other without presentation of such requisitions through the usual diplomatic channels for foreign negotiations. This request was addressed to General Maas as governor of the district to which the alleged horse thieves fled, and not as reported yesterday to Salome Hotel, said to be federal governor of Nuevo Leon.

Money or Life.
EL PASO, Tex., March 5.—Luis Terrazas, jr., who for many months has been held a prisoner by the rebels at Chihuahua, pending negotiations for ransom, has until tomorrow to pay \$500,000 to General Francisco Villa under pain of death.

The news leaked out here through the efforts of General Luis Terrazas, the great Mexican land owner and father of Luis left to get the money last night, so that the messenger sent here might return today. This effort failed and General Villa was telegraphed that the messenger would arrive at Chihuahua tomorrow night with the money. Every effort was made to keep the news from becoming public property and the few persons engaged in the transaction denied the story. It is known to be true, however.

Will Make Hole in Fortune.
The ransom will make a serious hole in the remainder of the fortune which General Terrazas has here, it is believed. Large sums have previously been forced from him to save his son's life. Villa's enmity to the great Terrazas family is deep seated and persistent. Early in the revolution he declared their vast estates forfeited to the rebel government.

A month ago Alberto Terrazas, after a life time of lavish living, bought a modest income and is able to live economically. Alberto and Luis are brothers.

It is doubtful if Villa would execute (Continued on Page Two.)

Gen Kelley's Army Routed by Police

OAKLAND, Cal., March 5.—General Kelley's band of 2,000 unemployed men, which started from San Francisco Tuesday to march to the national capital, was routed here today by 250 policemen, armed with rifles. The entire band was put aboard street cars and shipped to Richmond, a nearby town. No resistance was offered, the men ignoring Kelley's plea that they stand and give battle to the police.

Crew Refuses to Answer Fire Alarm

SOUTH BEND, Wash., March 5.—As the result of high feeling over dismissal of old officers of the volunteer fire department here, the fire crew refused to turn out yesterday when the home of Allen Hall was reported ablaze. Mrs. Hall and her baby were badly injured when the woman jumped from a second story window. The house was completely destroyed with its contents. The recall of five councilmen accused by some as responsible for the fire department trouble is being urged.

"HANDSOME WIDOW" AND HUSBAND ARE IN JAIL

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 5.—Mrs. Addie Jewell, whose various advertisements of a "handsome widow in search of a housekeeper's position" netted her a considerable income, pleaded guilty in the federal court today and was sentenced to six months in jail. Her husband is serving a sentence as an accomplice.

And Still They Come



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

THREATEN FURTHER RIOTING Irish Home Rule Bill is Read First Time in Commons

LONDON, March 5.—The home rule for Ireland bill was introduced again into the House of Commons today by Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, and was given its first reading amid prolonged cheers.

The government has succeeded in keeping secret the nature of the concessions to be offered by Premier Asquith on Monday when the bill comes up for second reading. According to reports from quarters connected with the cabinet, however, Premier Asquith will simply propose that any Irish county may by a plebiscite vote itself out of the operation of the bill for a period of three years. It is generally regarded in parliamentary circles as certain that the unionists will reject any concessions Premier Asquith is likely to offer.

Smith Asks About Status of Platforms in Primary Bill

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The presidential primary bill will be considered by the senate elections committee Saturday.

"Is there a provision in your bill regarding party platforms?" asked Senator William Alden Smith, republican, of Michigan, of Senator Cummins, its author. "We have just returned from listening to such a complete abandonment of the solemn promise of the democratic party, that it occurred to me the party pledges are being so lightly observed that they might be prohibited by law altogether."

Lid Goes On in New York at One O'clock

NEW YORK, March 5.—All of the cafes, restaurants and cabaret resorts along Broadway and cross streets were again closed at 1 o'clock this morning by the police acting on instructions of Police Commissioner McKay, despite the statement of Mayor Mitchell yesterday that he had not given orders to enforce the early closing rule laid down by the late Mayor Gaynor.

The National Capital Thursday, March 5, 1914.

The Senate.
Met at noon and joined the house to hear President Wilson read his address advocating repeal of the Panama tolls exemption.

Foreign.
Public health committee was urged to recommend appropriation of \$50,000 for federal fight on malaria and typhoid.

The House.
Met at noon and at 12:30 o'clock went into joint session with the senate to hear President Wilson's address.

Foreign.
President's address was referred to the interstate commerce committee, which will frame legislation to carry out its suggestions.

IRISH HOME RULE Bill is Read First Time in Commons

LONDON, March 5.—The home rule for Ireland bill was introduced again into the House of Commons today by Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, and was given its first reading amid prolonged cheers.

The government has succeeded in keeping secret the nature of the concessions to be offered by Premier Asquith on Monday when the bill comes up for second reading. According to reports from quarters connected with the cabinet, however, Premier Asquith will simply propose that any Irish county may by a plebiscite vote itself out of the operation of the bill for a period of three years. It is generally regarded in parliamentary circles as certain that the unionists will reject any concessions Premier Asquith is likely to offer.

Smith Asks About Status of Platforms in Primary Bill

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The presidential primary bill will be considered by the senate elections committee Saturday.

"Is there a provision in your bill regarding party platforms?" asked Senator William Alden Smith, republican, of Michigan, of Senator Cummins, its author. "We have just returned from listening to such a complete abandonment of the solemn promise of the democratic party, that it occurred to me the party pledges are being so lightly observed that they might be prohibited by law altogether."

Lid Goes On in New York at One O'clock

NEW YORK, March 5.—All of the cafes, restaurants and cabaret resorts along Broadway and cross streets were again closed at 1 o'clock this morning by the police acting on instructions of Police Commissioner McKay, despite the statement of Mayor Mitchell yesterday that he had not given orders to enforce the early closing rule laid down by the late Mayor Gaynor.

The National Capital Thursday, March 5, 1914.

The Senate.
Met at noon and joined the house to hear President Wilson read his address advocating repeal of the Panama tolls exemption.

Foreign.
Public health committee was urged to recommend appropriation of \$50,000 for federal fight on malaria and typhoid.

The House.
Met at noon and at 12:30 o'clock went into joint session with the senate to hear President Wilson's address.

Foreign.
President's address was referred to the interstate commerce committee, which will frame legislation to carry out its suggestions.

CHARLETTA FOUND GUILTY Jury Returns Verdict After Hour and Ten Minutes Deliberation.

When Ultimatum is Read Young Handicapped Does Not Reply—Gets Imprisonment for Rest of His Life.

Tony Charletta was found guilty of murder in the first degree by the jury sitting in his case about an hour and ten minutes after it was closed by itself and the trial was closed. His punishment for killing young Henry Nickell on the night of January 15 at the McVey resort will be life imprisonment. When the verdict was read to Charletta he said nothing, but his emotions were noticeably strained to their very limit. He then hung his head and accompanied the deputy sheriff back to his cell in the county jail.

A crowd of spectators which jammed District Judge English's court room gave evidence of sympathy for Tony Charletta, when his attorneys pleaded with the jury "to give him another chance."

A crowd of spectators which jammed District Judge English's court room gave evidence of sympathy for Tony Charletta, slayer of Henry E. Nickell, on trial for first degree murder, when his attorneys pleaded with the jury "to give him another chance."

County Attorney Magney declared that Tony's counsel had discussed matters outside the issue of the case. His argument was interrupted by the noon recess and was finished in the afternoon, after which Judge English delivered his instructions and the case was given to the jury. The jurors will recommend Charletta's punishment if he is convicted, which may be either life imprisonment or death in the electric chair.

"My friends on the other side of the table," said the county attorney, "say that Williams was the leader of the man who held up the house at 4th North Fourteenth street. But Williams went into the kitchen and held up Hazel McVey. The signal which he gave Charletta meant that the telephone cord had been cut."

MALCOM F. STORRS AND MRS. M'FARLAND MARRIED

DENVER, Colo., March 5.—Malcolm F. Storrs, 24, son of Richard F. Storrs, wealthy North Abington (Mass.) shoe manufacturer, and grandson of R. S. Storrs, wealthy Boston stationer, was married to Mrs. Margaret McFarland, 35, of Denver, at Golden, a suburb, on Friday, became known here today. Mrs. McFarland, whose former husband died two years ago, was Miss Margaret McLaughlin of San Jose, Cal.

ITALIAN ALIENISTS EXAMINE CHARLTON

NAPLES, March 5.—The mental condition of Porter Charlton, the young American charged with murdering his wife at Lake Como, is to be investigated by two of the leading Italian alienists, Dr. Leonardo Bianchi, former minister of instruction, and Prof. Enrico Marcellini of the University of Genoa.

WILSON PERSONALLY ASKS CONGRESS TO REPEAL TOLLS ACT

Executive Pleads with Legislators to Uphold Foreign Policy of Administration.

PASSAGE OF ACT IS A MISTAKE
He Says it is in Contravention of Treaty Obligation.

SHOULD DO THE LARGE THING
Position of United States Questioned and Misunderstood.

MESSAGE SHORTEST ON RECORD
Document Contains Exactly Four Hundred and Twenty Words and is Delivered in Less Than Five Minutes.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Wilson personally appealed to congress assembled in joint session today to sustain the national honor of the United States in upholding treaty obligations of repealing the Panama tolls exemption which Great Britain protests. He asked congress to do that "in support of the foreign policy of the administration," and added that an exemption for American ships not only was a "mistake in economic policy," but was in contravention of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

"I shall not know how to deal with other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequences if you do not grant it to me in unshrinking measure," said the president.

"The large thing to do is the only thing we can afford to do: a voluntary withdrawal from a position everywhere questioned and misunderstood. We ought to reverse our action without realising the question whether we were right or wrong, and so once more deserve our reputation for generosity and the redemption of every obligation without quibble or hesitation."

Address Unusually Short.
President Wilson's address, the shortest yet delivered to congress—exactly 430 words—was as follows:

"Gentlemen of the Congress: I have come to you on an errand which can be very briefly performed, but I beg that you will not measure its importance by the number of sentences in which I state it. No communication I have addressed to the congress carried with it greater or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country, and I come now to speak on a matter with regard to which I am charged in a peculiar degree by the constitution itself with personal responsibility."

"I have come to ask for the repeal of that provision of the Panama canal act of August 24, 1912, which exempts vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States from payment of tolls, and to urge on you the justice, the wisdom and the large policy of such a repeal with the utmost earnestness of which I am capable."

"In my own judgment, very fully considered and maturely formed, that exemption constitutes a mistaken economic policy from every point of view, and is moreover in plain contravention of the treaty with Great Britain concerning the canal concluded on November 15, 1901. But I have not come to you to urge my personal views. I have come to state to you a fact and a situation. Whatever may be our own differences of opinion concerning this much-debated measure its meaning is not debated outside the United States. Everywhere else the language of the treaty is given but one interpretation, and that interpretation precludes the exemption I am asking you to repeal. We consented to the treaty; its language we accepted, if we did not originate it, and we are too big, too powerful, too self-respecting a nation to interpret the words of our own promise

(Continued on Page Two.)

Efficiency in the Kitchen

A woman went into her kitchen the other day and found a friend of her maid watching the ironing being done.

The visitor said: "Would you mind telling me what an electric iron costs? Mary seems to get through her ironing so much quicker than I do, and if it is not too expensive I would like to ask my mistress to get an electric iron for me."

Do you know, Mrs. Housekeeper, about the many effective things there are for lightening housework?

If you do your own house work, you owe it to yourself, and if you employ help, you owe it to your servants, to have every practical convenience that will save time, steps and patience, and also produce better results. If you have allowed your kitchen and laundry and pantry and other house-keeping departments to become out of date, look in today's newspaper and find out what shops there are that keep house furnishings. Pay a visit to one or several of these shops and look through their stock. It will be an education to you.

You cannot help seeing at once that the efficiency of your house-keeping work can be increased immeasurably by a comparatively small outlay of money. Make a careful selection of the things that fit your particular needs and you will never regret the expenditure.